

A. PHONETICS: (2)

Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

1. A. grandparents B. brothers C. uncles D. fathers
2. A. bed B. television C. chest D. toilet
3. A. fridge B. light C. living D. picture
4. A. poster B. sofa C. own D. laptop
5. A. room B. book C. door D. look
6. A. cities B. watches C. dishes D. houses
7. A. foot B. book C. food D. look
8. A. creative B. think C. idea D. big

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR: (8)

I. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb. (4)

1. I (not/play).....football now.
2. We often (ride)our bike to school.
3. They (never /eat).....Mexican food.
4. My father (stop)smoking 5 years ago.

II. Choose the correct answers.(2)

1. Going by taxi is more _____ than going by bus.
A. cheaper B. faster C. easier D. expensive
2. The streets in the Old Quarter in Ha Noi are not wide. They are _____.
A. Exciting B. noisy C. narrow D. quiet
3. David's exam results are _____ than Nick's.
A. good B. well C. better D. important
4. This type of car is _____ economical than that type.
A. more B. much C. many D. as
5. _____ go past the traffic lights, and _____ turn left.
A. First - than B. First - then C. Then - first D. Finally - then
6. "What is your _____ TV programme?" - "It's cartoons"
A. good B. favourite C. best D. like
7. Are there any good programs _____ teenagers on TV tonight?
A. to B. for C. of D. with
8. " _____ is the weather forecast programme on?"- "At 7.30 pm every day."
A. What B. How C. When D. Where

III. Give the correct form of the word given to complete the sentences (2)

1. A trip to Fan Si Pan is an (forget).....experience.
2. You can watch (tradition).....when you visit Sa Pa
3. Many visitors think that the greatest (attract).....in Hue is temples .

4. You must take an umbrella because it's (rain).....in Mui Ne at this time of year.
5. Hue is near Da Nang, but it's more (interest).....than Da Nang.
6. The Perfume River is the most (fame)river in Central Viet Nam.
7. You can join many exciting (act)during the festival.
8. A butterfly is more (colour)than a moth.

C. READING: (6)

I. Read the following passage and choose suitable words to fill the blanks. (2)

swimming	exciting	tourists	seafood
experience	quite	make	famous

Considered Vietnam's most (1) _____ seaside resort town, Nha Trang attracts (2) _____ not only with its beautiful beaches but also which its (3) _____ atmosphere of a young, growing city. If you visit Nha Trang during the period of January to August you will (4) _____ the most wonderful weather for swimming and sunbathing. The town is also well-known for its seafood including dishes made from fresh fish, crabs, and lobsters.

II. Read the following passage and choose the best answer to each of the questions. (2)

REBECCA STEVENS

Rebecca Stevens was the first woman to climb Mount Everest. Before she went up the highest mountain in the world, she was a journalist and lived in South London. In 1993, Rebecca left her job and her family and travelled to Asia with some other climbers. She found that life on Everest is very difficult. "You must carry everything on your back," she explained, "so you can only take things that you will need. You can't wash on the mountain, and in the end I didn't even take a toothbrush. I am usually a clean person but there is no water, only snow. Water is very heavy so you take enough to drink!"

Rebecca became famous when she reached the top of Mount Everest on May 17, 1993. After that, she wrote a book about the trip and people often asked her to talk about it. She got a new job too, on a science programme on television.

1. Where was Rebecca Stevens from?
 - A. England
 - B. Asia
 - C. Everest
 - D. The South
2. Before she climbed Everest, Rebecca Stevens was a _____.
 - A. climber
 - B. journalist
 - C. traveller
 - D. scientist

3. Why did Rebecca Stevens become famous?
 - A. She left her job and her family and travelled to Asia.
 - B. She found that life on Everest is very difficult.
 - C. She reached the top of Mount Everest in 1993.
 - D. She was the first woman to climb Mount Everest.
4. Life on Everest is very difficult because _____.
 - A. it is very high
 - B. you can't take things with you
 - C. there is no water there
 - D. there are no toothbrush

III. Read the article and then decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F). (2)

Information about what happens in the world comes to us in many ways. Television and radio are two important ways of the news. They get the news out faster than the newspapers and magazines, and they don't have to read. Television and radio stations broadcast the news several times each day. In America, there are the news programmes every hour. People can choose the favourite TV programmes, such as sports, films, fashion, news, etc. People who cannot read get the news from television or radio easily.

	True	False
1. There are There are only two ways of getting the news.		
2. Television and radio get the news faster than other ways.		
3. Television stations broadcast the news several times each day.		
4. People cannot choose the TV programmes that they like.		

D. WRITING: (4)

I. Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the sentence before it.(2)

1. My brother can run very fast.
My brother _____
2. Hien is a bad swimmer.
Hien swims _____
3. Nga likes table tennis most.
Nga's favourite _____
4. Mike is not so interested in music as his sister is.
Mike's sister _____
5. Students at our school take part in a lot of outdoor activitives.
Students at our school do _____

6. She is interested in watching television.
She likes _____
7. The Nile is the longest river in the world.
No river _____
8. In the future, home robots can do all our housework.
In the future, home robots will _____

II. Use the conjunction at the end of each group to connect the sentences.(2)

1. We turned to The Movie Channel. We wanted to watch Pinocchio. (because)
→ _____
2. I am interested in the history of television. I've read a lot of books about it.
(so)
→ _____
3. I love films. I don't like watching them on television. (but)
→ _____
4. The Haunted Theatre is frightening. Children love it. (Although)
→ _____

THE END